

# Sample Dictionary Created Using datagidx

This is an example document illustrating the use of the datagidx package. The examples here are taken from the Compact Oxford English Dictionary.

- adze** (US **adz**) **noun** a tool similar to an axe, with an arched blade at right angles to the handle.  
– ORIGIN Old English.
- æolian harp** /ee-oh-li-uhn/ **noun** a stringed instrument that produces musical sounds when a current of air passes through it.  
– ORIGIN from *Æolus*, the Greek god of the winds.
- astern** **adverb** behind or towards the rear of a ship.
- astute** **adjective** good at making accurate judgements; shrewd.  
– DERIVATIVES **astutely** **adverb** **astuteness** **noun**.  
– ORIGIN Latin *astutus*.
- asunder** **adverb** literary apart.  
– ORIGIN Old English.
- athwart** /uh-thwart/ **preposition & adverb** from side to side of something; across.  
– ORIGIN from an old sense of **THWART**, meaning ‘across’.
- atrium** /ay-tri-uhm/ (pl. **atria** /ay-tri-uh/ or **atriums**) **noun** **1** a central hall rising through several storeys and having a glazed roof. **2** an open area in the centre of an ancient Roman house. **3** each of the two cavities of the heart.  
– DERIVATIVES **atrial** **adjective**.  
– ORIGIN Latin.
- attorney** /uh-ter-ni/ (pl. **attorneys**) **noun** **1** a person appointed to act for another in legal matters. **2** chiefly US a lawyer.  
– ORIGIN Old French *atorner* ‘assign’.
- aubretia** /aw-bree-shuh/ (also **aubrietia**) **noun** a trailing plant with purple, pink, or white flowers.  
– ORIGIN named after the French botanist Claude *Aubriet*.
- audacious** /aw-day-shuhss/ **adjective** **1** willing to take daring risks. **2** showing lack of respect; rude or impudent.  
– DERIVATIVES **audaciously** **adverb** **audaciousness** **noun** **audacity** **noun**.  
– ORIGIN Latin *audax* ‘bold’.
- austerity** /oss-te-ri-ti/ (pl. **austerities**) **noun** **1** strictness or severity of appearance or manner. **2** difficult economic conditions resulting from a cut in public spending.
- cactus** (pl. **cacti** or **cactuses**) **noun** a succulent plant with thick fleshy stems bearing spikes but no leaves.  
– ORIGIN Greek *kaktos* ‘cardoon’.
- chaff**<sup>1</sup> /chahf/ **noun** **1** the husks of grain from the seed by winnowing or threshing. **2** chopped hay and straw

- used in cattle fodder.
- PHRASES **separate (or sort) the wheat from the chaff** distinguish valuable people or things from worthless ones.
  - ORIGIN Old English.
- chaff**<sup>2</sup> /chaff/ **noun** light-hearted joking.
- **verb** tease someone.
- elf** (pl. **elves**) a supernatural creature of folk tales, represented as a small human figure with pointed ears.
- DERIVATIVES **elfish** adjective **elven** adjective (literary) **elvish** adjective.
  - ORIGIN Old English.
- elves** plural of **ELF**.
- oesophagus** /i-sof-fuh-guhss/ (pl. **oesophagi**) **noun** the muscular tube which connects throat to stomach.
- ORIGIN Greek *oisophagos*.
- thunderbolt noun** flash of lightning with a crash of thunder at the same time.
- thunderclap noun** a crash of thunder.
- thwart** /thwort/ **verb** 1 prevent someone from accomplishing something. 2 prevent something from succeeding. • **noun** a crosspiece forming a seat for a rower in a boat.
- ORIGIN from Old Norse, 'transverse'.
- tic noun** a recurring spasm of the muscles, most often in the face.
- ORIGIN Italian *ticchio*.
- élite** /i-leet/ **noun** a group of people regarded as the best in a particular society or organisation.
- ORIGIN French, 'selection, choice'.